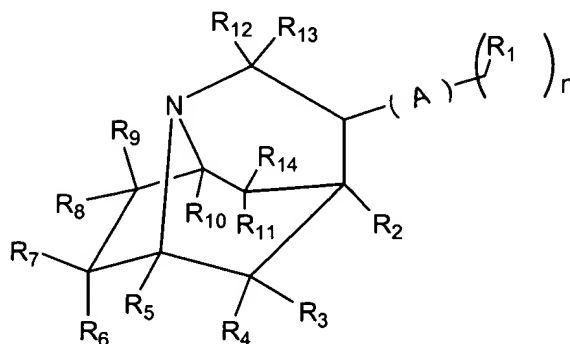


In the claims

1. (currently amended) A compound represented by formula (I):



(I)

wherein,

A is either a double bond or a single bond, n is 2 or 3, and each occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>13</sub> each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, [[-C(O)R<sub>8</sub>]] -C(O)R<sub>15</sub>, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, -N<sub>3</sub>, [[-C(R<sub>8</sub>)=NR<sub>8</sub>; -N=C(R<sub>8</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -C(O)N(R<sub>8</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -Q<sub>2</sub>-P(Q<sub>1</sub>)(OR<sub>8</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,]] -C(R<sub>15</sub>)=NR<sub>15</sub>; -N=C(R<sub>15</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -C(O)N(R<sub>15</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -Q<sub>2</sub>-P(Q<sub>1</sub>)(OR<sub>15</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, silyl, -R<sub>16</sub>OR<sub>15</sub>, -SR<sub>15</sub>, and -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>15</sub> [[-R<sub>9</sub>OR<sub>8</sub>, -SR<sub>8</sub>, and -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub>]];

R<sub>14</sub> is selected from the group consisting of -R<sub>16</sub>C(O)OR<sub>15</sub>, -OC(O)R<sub>15</sub>, O-R<sub>17</sub>, [[-R<sub>9</sub>C(O)OR, -OC(O)R, O-R<sub>15</sub>,]] wherein R<sub>17</sub> [[R<sub>15</sub>]] is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; -R<sub>16</sub>(O)CR<sub>15</sub>; -C(R<sub>15</sub>)=N(OH); carboxylic acid; -R<sub>16</sub>C(O)H; -Q<sub>2</sub>-P(Q<sub>1</sub>)(OR<sub>15</sub>)<sub>2</sub>; [[-R<sub>9</sub>(O)CR<sub>8</sub>; -C(R<sub>8</sub>)=N(OH); carboxylic acid; -R<sub>9</sub>C(O)H; -Q<sub>2</sub>-P(Q<sub>1</sub>)(OR<sub>8</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;]] and silyl;

R<sub>15</sub> [[R<sub>8</sub>]] represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R<sub>16</sub> [[R<sub>9</sub>]] represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

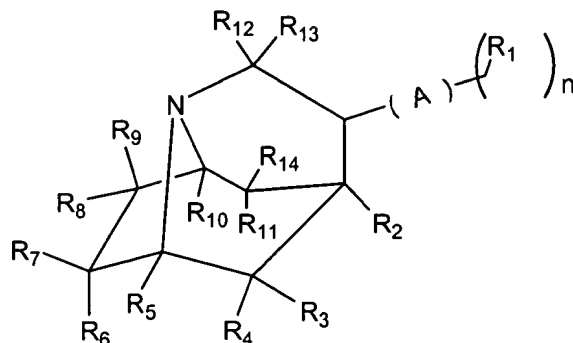
Q<sub>1</sub> represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q<sub>2</sub> represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR<sub>15</sub>; [[NR<sub>8</sub>];]

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

2. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl; A is a double bond; n = 2; at least one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>13</sub> each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R<sub>14</sub> is -R<sub>16</sub>C(O)OR<sub>15</sub> or -OC(O)R<sub>15</sub> [[-R<sub>9</sub>C(O)OR or -OC(O)R]].
3. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and either one or two occurrences of R<sub>1</sub> represent hydrogen.
4. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 1, wherein A is a double bond; n = 2; and one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl, and the second occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
5. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is 4-methoxy-phenyl, one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen; R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>13</sub> each represent hydrogen; and R<sub>14</sub> represents -R<sub>16</sub>C(O)OR<sub>15</sub> or -OC(O)R<sub>15</sub> [[-R<sub>9</sub>C(O)OR or -OC(O)R]].
6. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 1, wherein one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is phenyl, one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen, R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>13</sub> each represent hydrogen, and R<sub>14</sub> represents -R<sub>16</sub>C(O)OR<sub>15</sub> or -OC(O)R<sub>15</sub> [[-R<sub>9</sub>C(O)OR or -OC(O)R]].

7. **(currently amended)** A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula (I):



(I)

wherein,

A is either a double bond or a single bond, n is 2 or 3, and each occurrence of  $R_1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

$R_2$ - $R_{13}$  each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy,  $[-C(O)R_8]$ ,  $-C(O)R_{15}$ , amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl,  $-N_3$ ,  $[-C(R_8)=NR_8]$ ,  $-N=C(R_8)_2$ ,  $-C(O)N(R_8)_2$ ,  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$ ,  $[-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}]$ ,  $-N=C(R_{15})_2$ ,  $-C(O)N(R_{15})_2$ ,  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$ ,  $-SO_2R$ , silyl,  $-R_{16}OR_{15}$ ,  $-SR_{15}$ , and  $-CO_2R_{15}$   $[-R_9OR_8$ ,  $-SR_8$ , and  $-CO_2R_8]$ ];

$R_{14}$  is selected from the group consisting of  $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ ,  $-OC(O)R_{15}$ ,  $O-R_{17}$ ,  $[-R_9C(O)OR$ ,  $-OC(O)R$ ,  $O-R_{15}]$ , wherein  $R_{17}$   $[[R_{15}]]$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl;  $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$ ;  $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$ ; carboxylic acid;  $-R_{16}C(O)H$ ;  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$ ;  $[-R_9(O)CR_8$ ;  $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$ ; carboxylic acid;  $-R_9C(O)H$ ;  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$ ]; and silyl;

$R_{15}$   $[[R_8]]$  represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

$\underline{R}_{16}$   $[[R_9]]$  represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

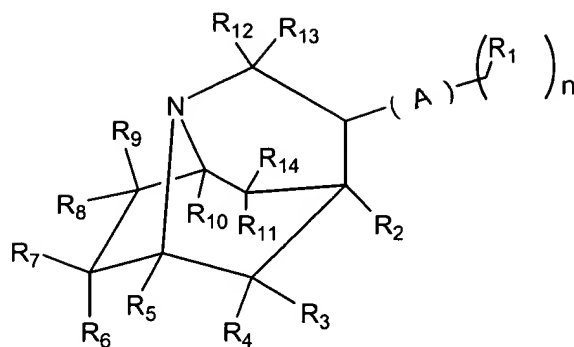
$Q_1$  represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

$Q_2$  represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or  $\underline{NR}_{15}$ ;  $[[NR_8;]]$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and

a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

8. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 7, wherein one occurrence of  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl; A is a double bond;  $n = 2$ ; at least one occurrence of  $R_1$  is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; and  $R_2$ - $R_{13}$  each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and  $R_{14}$  is  $\underline{R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}}$  or  $\underline{-OC(O)R_{15}}$   $[[R_9C(O)OR$  or  $-OC(O)R]]$ .
9. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 7, wherein one occurrence of  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and one or two occurrences of  $R_1$  represent hydrogen.
10. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 7, wherein A is a double bond;  $n = 2$ ; and one occurrence of  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl, and the second occurrence of  $R_1$  is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
11. **(currently amended)** A method for treating a disorder caused by a deficiency in monoamine concentration in a human comprising administering a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of formula (I):



(I)

wherein,

A is either a double bond or a single bond, n is 2 or 3, and each occurrence of  $R_1$  is independently selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

$R_2$ - $R_{13}$  each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy,  $[-C(O)R_8]$ ,  $-C(O)R_{15}$ , amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl,  $-N_3$ ,  $[-C(R_8)=NR_8]$ ,  $-N=C(R_8)_2$ ,  $-C(O)N(R_8)_2$ ,  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$ ,  $-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}$ ,  $-N=C(R_{15})_2$ ,  $-C(O)N(R_{15})_2$ ,  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$ ,  $-SO_2R$ , silyl,  $-R_{16}OR_{15}$ ,  $-SR_{15}$ , and  $-CO_2R_{15}$   $[-R_9OR_8$ ,  $-SR_8$ , and  $-CO_2R_8]$ ;

$R_{14}$  is selected from the group consisting of  $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ ,  $-OC(O)R_{15}$ ,  $O-R_{17}$ ,  $[-R_9C(O)OR$ ,  $-OC(O)R$ ,  $O-R_{15}$ ,] wherein  $R_{17}$   $[[R_{15}]]$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl;  $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$ ;  $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$ ; carboxylic acid;  $-R_{16}C(O)H$ ;  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$ ;  $[-R_9(O)CR_8$ ;  $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$ ; carboxylic acid;  $-R_9C(O)H$ ;  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$ ]; and silyl;

$R_{15}$   $[[R_8]]$  represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

$R_{16}$   $[[R_9]]$  represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

$Q_1$  represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

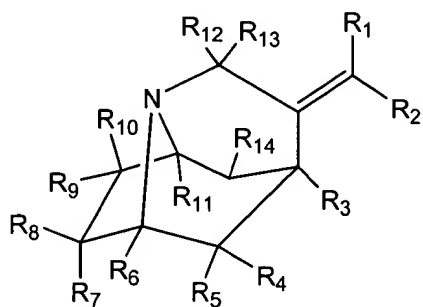
Q<sub>2</sub> represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR<sub>15</sub>; [[NR<sub>8</sub>];]

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

12. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 11, wherein one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl; A is a double bond; n = 2; at least one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; and R<sub>2</sub>-R<sub>13</sub> each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R<sub>14</sub> is -R<sub>16</sub>C(O)OR<sub>15</sub> or -OC(O)R<sub>15</sub> [[-R<sub>9</sub>C(O)OR or -OC(O)R]].
13. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 11, wherein one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and one or two occurrences of R<sub>1</sub> represent hydrogen.
14. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 11, wherein A is a double bond; n = 2; and one occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl, and the second occurrence of R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
15. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 11, wherein said disorder in a human is associated with a deficiency in the concentration of serotonin or norepinephrine.
16. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 11, wherein said disorder in a human is selected from the group consisting of depression, substance addiction, neurodegenerative disease, Attention Deficit Disorder, Huntington's Disease, and bipolar disorder.
17. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 16, wherein said disorder in a human is Parkinson's Disease or Alzheimer's Disease.
18. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 16, wherein said substance addiction is cocaine addiction.

Claims 19-26. **(Canceled)**

27. (currently amended) A compound represented by formula (II):



(II)

wherein,

$R_1$  and  $R_2$  each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

$R_3$ - $R_{13}$  each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy,  $[-C(O)R_8]$ ,  $-C(O)R_{15}$ , amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl,  $-N_3$ ,  $[-C(R_8)=NR_8]$ ,  $-N=C(R_8)_2$ ,  $-C(O)N(R_8)_2$ ,  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$ ,  $[-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}]$ ,  $-N=C(R_{15})_2$ ,  $-C(O)N(R_{15})_2$ ,  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$ ,  $-SO_2R$ , silyl,  $-R_{16}OR_{15}$ ,  $-SR_{15}$ , and  $-CO_2R_{15}$   $[-R_9OR_8$ ,  $-SR_8$ , and  $-CO_2R_8]$ ;

$R_{14}$  is selected from the group consisting of  $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ ,  $-OC(O)R_{15}$ ,  $O-R_{17}$ ,  $[-R_9C(O)OR$ ,  $-OC(O)R$ ,  $O-R_{15}$ ,] wherein  $R_{17}$   $[[R_{15}]]$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl;  $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$ ;  $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$ ; carboxylic acid;  $-R_{16}C(O)H$ ;  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$ ;  $[-R_9(O)CR_8$ ;  $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$ ; carboxylic acid;  $-R_9C(O)H$ ;  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$ ;] and silyl;

$R_{15}$   $[[R_8]]$  represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

$R_{16}$   $[[R_9]]$  represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

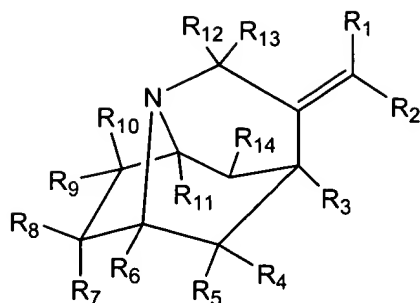
$Q_1$  represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

$Q_2$  represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or  $NR_{15}$ ;  $[[NR_8]]$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

28. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 27, wherein  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and  $R_2$  is hydrogen, or  $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and  $R_1$  is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer;  $R_3$ - $R_{13}$  each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and  $R_{14}$  is  $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$  or  $-OC(O)R_{15}$  [ $[-R_9C(O)OR$  or  $-OC(O)R]$ ].
29. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 27, wherein  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and  $R_2$  is hydrogen; or  $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and  $R_1$  is hydrogen.
30. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 27, wherein  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl; and  $R_2$  is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
31. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 27, wherein  $R_1$  is 4-methoxy-phenyl,  $R_2$  is hydrogen,  $R_3$ - $R_{13}$  each represent hydrogen, and  $R_{14}$  is  $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$  or  $-OC(O)R_{15}$  [ $[-R_9C(O)OR$  or  $-OC(O)R]$ ].
32. **(currently amended)** The compound of claim 27, wherein  $R_1$  is phenyl,  $R_2$  is hydrogen,  $R_3$ - $R_{13}$  each represent hydrogen, and  $R_{14}$  is  $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$  or  $-OC(O)R_{15}$  [ $[-R_9C(O)OR$  or  $-OC(O)R]$ ].
33. **(currently amended)** A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of formula **(II)**:





(II)

wherein,

$R_1$  and  $R_2$  each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

$R_3$ - $R_{13}$  each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy,  $[-C(O)R_8]$ ,  $-C(O)R_{15}$ , amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl,  $-N_3$ ,  $[-C(R_8)=NR_8]$ ,  $-N=C(R_8)_2$ ,  $-C(O)N(R_8)_2$ ,  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$ ,  $-C(R_{15})=NR_{15}$ ,  $-N=C(R_{15})_2$ ,  $-C(O)N(R_{15})_2$ ,  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$ ,  $-SO_2R$ , silyl,  $-R_{16}OR_{15}$ ,  $-SR_{15}$ , and  $-CO_2R_{15}$   $[-R_9OR_8$ ,  $-SR_8$ , and  $-CO_2R_8]$ ;

$R_{14}$  is selected from the group consisting of  $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$ ,  $-OC(O)R_{15}$ ,  $O-R_{17}$ ,  $[-R_9C(O)OR$ ,  $-OC(O)R$ ,  $O-R_{15}$ ,] wherein  $R_{17}$   $[[R_{15}]]$  is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl;  $-R_{16}(O)CR_{15}$ ;  $-C(R_{15})=N(OH)$ ; carboxylic acid;  $-R_{16}C(O)H$ ;  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_{15})_2$ ;  $[-R_9(O)CR_8$ ;  $-C(R_8)=N(OH)$ ; carboxylic acid;  $-R_9C(O)H$ ;  $-Q_2-P(Q_1)(OR_8)_2$ ;] and silyl;

$R_{15}$   $[[R_8]]$  represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

$R_{16}$   $[[R_9]]$  represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

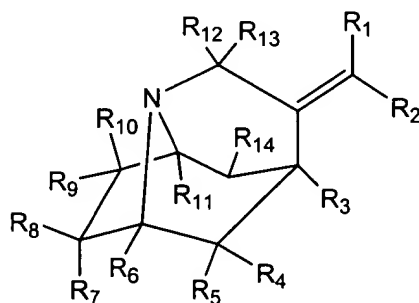
$Q_1$  represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

$Q_2$  represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or  $NR_{15}$   $[[NR_8]]$

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof; and

a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

34. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, wherein  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and  $R_2$  is hydrogen, or  $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and  $R_1$  is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer;  $R_3$ - $R_{13}$  each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and  $R_{14}$  is  $-R_{16}C(O)OR_{15}$  or  $-OC(O)R_{15}$   $[[ -R_9C(O)OR$  or  $-OC(O)R]]$ .
35. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, wherein  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and  $R_2$  is hydrogen; or  $R_2$  is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and  $R_1$  is hydrogen.
36. **(currently amended)** The pharmaceutical composition of claim 33, wherein  $R_1$  is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl; and  $R_2$  is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
37. **(currently amended)** A method for treating a disorder caused by a deficiency in monoamine concentration in a human comprising administering a therapeutically effective dose of a compound of formula (II):



(II)

wherein,

R<sub>1</sub> and R<sub>2</sub> each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl;

R<sub>3</sub>-R<sub>13</sub> each independently are selected from the group consisting of hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkoxy, [[-C(O)R<sub>8</sub>]] -C(O)R<sub>15</sub>, amino, hydroxy, thio, halogen, cyano, nitro, trifluoromethyl, -N<sub>3</sub>, [[-C(R<sub>8</sub>)=NR<sub>8</sub>; -N=C(R<sub>8</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -C(O)N(R<sub>8</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -Q<sub>2</sub>-P(Q<sub>1</sub>)(OR<sub>8</sub>)<sub>2</sub>,]] -C(R<sub>15</sub>)=NR<sub>15</sub>; -N=C(R<sub>15</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -C(O)N(R<sub>15</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -Q<sub>2</sub>-P(Q<sub>1</sub>)(OR<sub>15</sub>)<sub>2</sub>, -SO<sub>2</sub>R, silyl, -R<sub>16</sub>OR<sub>15</sub>, -SR<sub>15</sub>, and -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>15</sub> [[-R<sub>9</sub>OR<sub>8</sub>, -SR<sub>8</sub>, and -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sub>8</sub>]];

R<sub>14</sub> is selected from the group consisting of -R<sub>16</sub>C(O)OR<sub>15</sub>, -OC(O)R<sub>15</sub>, O-R<sub>17</sub>, [[-R<sub>9</sub>C(O)OR, -OC(O)R, O-R<sub>15</sub>,]] wherein R<sub>17</sub> [[R<sub>15</sub>]] is selected from the group consisting of alkyl, cycloalkyl, aryl, heteroaryl, alkenyl, and alkynyl; -R<sub>16</sub>(O)CR<sub>15</sub>; -C(R<sub>15</sub>)=N(OH); carboxylic acid; -R<sub>16</sub>C(O)H; -Q<sub>2</sub>-P(Q<sub>1</sub>)(OR<sub>15</sub>)<sub>2</sub>; [[-R<sub>9</sub>(O)CR<sub>8</sub>; -C(R<sub>8</sub>)=N(OH); carboxylic acid; -R<sub>9</sub>C(O)H; -Q<sub>2</sub>-P(Q<sub>1</sub>)(OR<sub>8</sub>)<sub>2</sub>]] and silyl;

R<sub>15</sub> [[R<sub>8</sub>]] represents independently for each occurrence hydrogen, alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl;

R<sub>16</sub> [[R<sub>9</sub>]] represents independently for each occurrence a bond or an alkyl, alkenyl, alkynyl, or aryl biradical;

Q<sub>1</sub> represents independently for each occurrence S or O; and

Q<sub>2</sub> represents independently for each occurrence O, S, or NR<sub>15</sub>; [[NR<sub>8</sub>]]

or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.

38. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 37, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, or R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of aryl, heteroaryl, cycloalkyl, polycyclic, heterocyclic, alkenyl, and alkynyl, and R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) or Z (zusammen) isomer; R<sub>3</sub>-R<sub>13</sub> each independently represent hydrogen or alkyl; and R<sub>14</sub> is -R<sub>16</sub>C(O)OR<sub>15</sub> or -OC(O)R<sub>15</sub> [[-R<sub>9</sub>C(O)OR or -OC(O)R]].

39. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 37, wherein either R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, ~~alkoxy~~, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen; or R<sub>2</sub> is selected from the group consisting of haloaryl, alkoxy, alkylaryl, polycyclyl, alkenylaryl, and alkynylaryl; and R<sub>1</sub> is hydrogen.
40. **(currently amended)** The method of claim 37, wherein R<sub>1</sub> is selected from the group consisting of phenyl, 3,4-Dichloro-phenyl, 4-methoxy-phenyl, 4-fluoro-phenyl, 1-naphthyl, 2-furyl, 3-furyl, ~~methoxy~~, and substituted or unsubstituted alkenylaryl; and R<sub>2</sub> is hydrogen, and the compound is an E (entgegen) isomer.
41. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 37, wherein said disorder in a human is associated with a deficiency in the concentration of serotonin or norepinephrine.
42. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 37, wherein said disorder in a human is selected from the group consisting of depression, substance addiction, neurodegenerative disease, Attention Deficit Disorder, Huntington's Disease, and bipolar disorder.
43. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 42, wherein said disorder in a human is Parkinson's Disease or Alzheimer's Disease.
44. **(previously presented)** The method of claim 42, wherein said substance addiction is cocaine addiction.

Claims 45-59. **(Canceled)**